

For the blessings of health, peace and prosperity which have been vouchsafed to the people of Wisconsin during the past year, and for the progress made in all that contributes to the advancement of the material and moral welfare of the State, I, J. M. Rusk, Governor of the State of Wisconsin, do hereby proclaim the following day as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer, and I recommend that on that day the people of Wisconsin abstain from labor, and, meeting in their places of worship, give thanks to the Supreme Ruler for his kindness and mercy, and that the poor be generously remembered.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Great Seal of the State of Wisconsin to be affixed. Done at the Capitol, in Madison, this eight day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

J. M. RUSK.

By the Governor: EMMET G. TRIMM, Secretary of State.

THE KIND OF A MAN HE IS.

The New York Sun has taken a great deal of pains to go over the senatorial record of General Harrison, examine every speech he made, to find out what sort of a man he was when on the floor of the senate. The Sun did not find any great speeches the president elect made in the senate, but it found many remarks he made on the various questions that came up before the senate. He never shirked the responsibility of expressing his opinion on current public questions, and when he did so express himself, he never appeared in the role of a demagogue and never exhibited weakness in any direction. General Harrison is a good speaker; not despatching in his eloquence—but in an intelligent, interesting, graceful orator.

The Sun walked through six years of the Congressional Record to see if it could not find something that would furnish a fair illustration of what the man's character really is. It succeeded. It found scores of speeches. It found a single one of them that did him a line or a sentence that would be unworthy a president of the United States. On the south he said:

The free south has at last turned her face toward the sun, and will ere long enjoy all of her anti-bellum achievements in production. This result will sooner and more surely be achieved by self-reliant industry than by congressional bounties.

On the north he said in 1882, when the opponents of pensions were becoming frightened at the figures:

Wounds and contusions are two different things, Mr. President.

We are not to be alarmed by the amount of money that may be involved in doing an act of justice to the soldiers of the country. We are not in the least frightened by this parade of figures:

On the great question of political assassinations that is so much of a bugbear to the Curtis civil service reformers, he said: I insist that it is a common principle applicable as well to the service of the United States and its employees as to the service of corporations and individuals and their employees, that when a man has once earned the salary granted by law or fixed by contract, he has earned it by stipulated hours of work, it is his absolute right, and the principle sought to be introduced here is that the government may follow that money into his control and dictate the use of it to him. The government of the United States cannot prohibit any man from using money that is his by any legitimate process.

These are specimens of General Harrison's thoughts on public questions. In none of the many speeches can be found a single blunder—a single slip of the tongue. He was as discreet in the senate as he was in making the one hundred and ten speeches at his home during the campaign to the thousands who called to see the next president.

Harrison: he wears well.

THE SILVER BUSINESS.

The Austin (Tex.) Revue of last Thursday contains the following: The following telegram was sent from the Austin office Thursday. It explains itself:

AUSTIN, TEX., November 8, 1888. Hon. Henry C. Aldrich, Chairman of the Committee, Louisville, Kentucky: Nevada silver has been taken to the state of New York. The entire west follows suit. "Damon" letter.

ALEX. CHAMBERLAIN, M. J. PARKER, JR.

Mont: Don't fool with a bull. The Salt Lake Tribune, of November 15th adds. The above has reference to the reply made by Mr. Waterhouse when he was asked in St. Louis if nothing about silver was to be included in the democratic platform. We believe that against his better judgment Mr. Waterhouse consented not to say anything of silver in this year's democratic platform, lest it might alienate votes in the state of New York. We believe he surrendered to the judgement of the president and Congressmen Scott, and all the summer through he has felt that a great mistake was made, and certainly it was a mistake. A rising plank on silver would have very nearly carried Indiana, Nevada and California. It was marvelous that the two great parties battered each other all summer over the surplus of \$50,000,000, which did not exist, and neither dared to discuss the silver question, through which the country was losing 50 per cent of its earnings. It was as glaring a picture of party cowardice as was ever seen, for when the real truth shall be made clear, it will be apparent that this whole fight upon the silver has been made by a beggarly few bondholders, but so adroitly have they worked the metropolitan journals that the nation has not only stood the robbery, but thousands have been ready to resent an argument in favor of silver as an attempt to palm off depreciated money upon the country. But the reckoning is going to come soon, silver is going to be restored to its old place

NO BLOOD SHED YET.

Senator Blackburn Goes to Meet Judge Rucker's Friend.

THE LATTER FAILS TO SHOW UP.

The Kentucky Statesman Writes a Letter to Henry Watterson, in Which He Regrets His Strong Language Towards the Colorado Jurist.

THE HUCKER-BLACKBURN AFFAIR.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 27.—Colonel J. C. Moore, representing Judge Rucker in the Blackburn-Rucker controversy, telegraphed Senator Blackburn on Friday asking for an interview.

Senator Blackburn, accompanied by Colonel Standard Johnson, arrived in Lexington on Saturday morning at 11:30 o'clock. Blackburn, on Friday, accompanied by Colonel Standard Johnson, arrived in Lexington on Saturday morning at 11:30 o'clock.

He is a splendid rider and sits in the saddle as though he was a part of it.

This is a pretty good outline of Governor Rusk's career. From the stage coach he to the gubernatorial chair is a long distance, but how thoroughly well it has been travelled by the governor! There are few men indeed in this country who have seen the public service as Governor Rusk has, and who has made so few blunders. In fact, his twenty years of public service have been filled with honor all through, and not a blunder is charged against him! All this comes of rare business ability, of great personal courage, of unshaken integrity, and of a judgment that cannot be warped.

THE LIFE-SAVERS.

Work of the Heroic Members of This Service During the Year—Many Persons Saved from Watery Graves.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—General Superintendent Kimball, of the Life-Saving Service, in his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1888, reports 222 life-saving stations in operation at the close of the year, 170 being upon the Atlantic, 41 on the lakes, 7 on the Pacific and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year. There were 411 life-saving stations, and 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

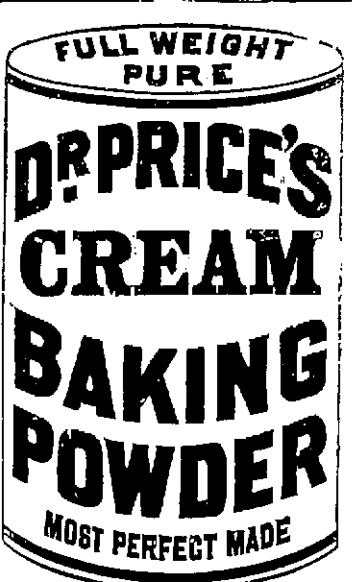
Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.

Kimball reports that 1,000,000 pounds of life-saving apparatus were distributed within the scope of station operations during the year.



Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most perfect made.

Full weight pure.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

UNABATED, THE GREAT SALE GOES ON

Wearing its way through competition as the mighty waters drive loose sand from its course We have CONFIDENCE in the

CLOAKS

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR US

are as near thoroughly reliable as it is possible to have them. You will not find our stock all mixed up with a lot of trashy, sample cloaks, which can not be relied on. No merchant living knows how they will wear. Too frequent, women have had it proved to them that slightly garments, apparently perfect, almost fall to pieces with little wear. Why? Because they were sample cloaks, having been carried on the road for a season, pulled about by and tried on to hundreds of people. Could you expect them to wear?

we sell, because we know who make them and how they are made. The garments we handle, being FRESH and NEW and

MONDAY.

Nov. 26th.

TUESDAY.

Nov. 27th.

WEDNESDAY.

Nov. 28th.

THURSDAY.

Nov. 29th.

FRIDAY.

Nov. 30th.

SATURDAY.

Dec. 1st.

SUNDAY.

Dec. 2nd.

MONDAY.

Dec. 3rd.

TUESDAY.

Dec. 4th.

WEDNESDAY.

Dec. 5th.

THURSDAY.

Dec. 6th.

FRIDAY.

Dec. 7th.

SATURDAY.

Dec. 8th.

SUNDAY.

Dec. 9th.

MONDAY.

Dec. 10th.

TUESDAY.

Dec. 11th.

WEDNESDAY.

Dec. 12th.

THURSDAY.

Dec. 13th.

FRIDAY.

Dec. 14th.

SATURDAY.

Dec. 15th.

SUNDAY.

Dec. 16th.

MONDAY.

Dec. 17th.

TUESDAY.

Dec. 18th.

WEDNESDAY.

Dec. 19th.

THURSDAY.

Dec. 20th.

FRIDAY.











TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Wanted.

A competent young man as clerk. Enquire of

MILWAUKEE CLOTHING CO.

Muffs and coats.—We are showing a very large assortment.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Spare ribs and tenderloin at Leeb's West Milwaukee street meat market.

500 blbs. of choice New York apples; also 100 blbs of New York older received this day and for sale in any quantity at very low prices. W. T. VASKIRK.

No. 18 Main street.

Lost.

Somewhere in Rock county a note for fifty dollars payable to A. M. Carter or bearer at the Rock County National Bank one year from date and signed by Ira Livingston of Bradford. Dated Nov. 14th, 1888. All persons are forbidden negotiating for the note.

A. M. CARTER.

We beg to inform the people of waxes

and block Co. that the undersigned have associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a general coal, wood and ice business, at the office and yards formerly occupied by Mr. J. H. Gately. We will carry a complete stock of hard and soft coal, coke, wood, salt, cement, stucco, sewer pipe, drain tile and everything pertaining to our line which we propose to sell at the lowest living prices, guaranteeing full weight and measure, and doing our utmost to insure perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders. We hope to receive a fair share of your patronage.

Very respectfully yours,

SMITH & GATELEY.

Tailor shop wanted.

To work on boys' clothing. For particulars address H. Dobbins, Clinton Junction.

FOR RENT.—The cheapest place to buy

far trimmings, Russian Bear Muffs, handkerchiefs and millinery of all kinds, is at the Magnet.

Have Thos. E. Addy, renovate, dye, and repair your old clothing so they will look like new. Ladies' cloaks and dresses cleaned, pressed and refinished. 165 West Milwaukee street, Palmers new block.

Turkey sale Wednesday evening, November 28th, at W. H. Sisson's saloon.

Trade your wheat for clothing at the only place where you can get wholesale price and buy at retail of the already famous Milwaukee Clothing Company, under the Myers House.

For SALE—An upright piano, nearly new. Standard make. Will sell at a bargain. Address P. O. Box 1056.

Found.—A young hunting dog. Owner may learn of same by calling at this office and paying for advertisement.

The 5, 10 and 25c. counters of The Magnet are always full of the latest novelties; prices are surprisingly low. Come and see for yourself.

Who is the Milwaukee Clothing Company? The firm is composed of gentlemen, who believe in doing a straightforward and honorable business. Their store in Janesville is located under the Myers house.

Found.—We have always found Brown Bros' stock of ladies' warm lined shoes and slippers the largest in the city, and it is a conceded fact that they are leading the trade on extremely low prices. Take a look and convince yourself.

It pays to go to J. M. Bostwick & Sons for any kind of dry goods—they are headquarters you know.

That is what they all say: "The Magnet has the best stock of Holiday Goods in Janesville, and their prices are right, too, as they always are."

THIS WEEK—Let it be this week for you to take the time to get acquainted with the already famous Milwaukee Clothing Company, under the Myers House.

ONLY TWO FIFTY.—We are selling a men's white wool boot with buck strap, a bumper, and a free beeper for the extremely low price of \$2.50. We are determined to have your trade and propose to make you laugh with our low prices. BROWN BROS.

For RENT—Two or three furnished rooms, at 85 North Jackson street.

Cloaks.—People realize at once that we show a stock second to none in southern Wisconsin, after examining our immense line.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Woman's fleece lined overalls at Brown Bros' bargain shoe store for 50 cents, best made. Don't pay any more.

Something that will interest many of the ladies to know that we have received an elegant piece of bolting cloth.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

We got 'em in large quantities—plush garments. ANCHOR REID.

Never in the history of our great clothing business have we sold as many garments as we are in the one just passed. That we lead is beyond question.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

We got 'em in large quantities—plush garments. ANCHOR REID.

Never in the history of our great clothing business have we sold as many garments as we are in the one just passed. That we lead is beyond question.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

We got 'em in large quantities—plush garments. ANCHOR REID.

Never in the history of our great clothing business have we sold as many garments as we are in the one just passed. That we lead is beyond question.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

We got 'em in large quantities—plush garments. ANCHOR REID.

Never in the history of our great clothing business have we sold as many garments as we are in the one just passed. That we lead is beyond question.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

We got 'em in large quantities—plush garments. ANCHOR REID.

Never in the history of our great clothing business have we sold as many garments as we are in the one just passed. That we lead is beyond question.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For SALE and EXCHANGE—A fine collection of bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land. You can make some money by calling at my office.

D. CONNOR.

Don't throw those old shoes away, take them to Brown Bros' Bargain Shoe store and have them half-sold for 50c, or half-sold and booted for 75c. Women's half-soles 40 cents.

"NOT IN THE FIRST DEGREE."

This Plea Will be the One Urged in the Clifford Murder Case.

Claim of Evidence to Show Self Defense—Strong Anti-Pardon Sentiment.

As stated yesterday, Attorneys Frisby & Gibson, of Milwaukee, are preparing an application and petition to Governor Rusk asking for the pardon of Hartley Clifford, now serving a life sentence at Waupun for the murder of Captain Wm. Pugh in Racine some years ago, or for a commutation of sentence. The Milwaukee Journal says:

When asked to-day for the grounds for the step, Attorney Frisby stated that it was believed by many that Clifford was accused of a higher grade of crime than he should have been, and that he has already served as long a term as the real degree of his crime warrants. Clifford was taken to Waupun in January, 1883, and is now said to be in very poor health. He is also credited with being a prisoner of excellent behavior. "Circumstances have developed since trial and conviction," said Mr. Frisby, "that go to show he killed Capt. Pugh in self-defense, and a number of people in this city as well as throughout the state, feel that he has received merited punishment for the real degree of the offense. It is doubtful, at best, whether he may live a great while longer."

The application will be heard on Dec. 18. As to the statement that several previous attempts have been made to secure his release, Messrs. Frisby and Gibson both said that they never knew of any former effort having been made.

Clifford shot Capt. William Pugh, of Racine, at the Higgins house in Racine in May, 1882. The men met at the hotel after a walking match, and Pugh asked Clifford for money he had won on the walk. They had words, and when Capt. Pugh started down stairs, Clifford followed, and stepping upon the landing above fired two bullets into the captain's body, which resulted in his death two or three days later. The case was tried at Janesville, Clifford was found guilty, and sentenced to state prison for life. He is in the hospital department of the prison.

H. A. Cooper, of Racine, who was district attorney and prosecuted the case will oppose the granting of a pardon. He will be accompanied by a number of others from Racine, the feeling in that city against Clifford's pardon being very strong.

—Attorney R. J. Clanson, of Monroe, is registered at the Myers.

—All kinds of blank books and blank work to order at the Gazette bindery.

—"My Partner" at Leppin's hall this evening—popular prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents.

—"Animate Creation," neatly bound at reasonable rates, at the Gazette bindery.

—Miss Kate Hackleman of the Railroad Hotel, Hasover, was in the city to-day.

—Eight o'clock instead of nine is now the hour at which the opera house opens its doors.

—Janesville City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F., occupy Old Follows hall this evening—regular weekly meeting.

—The Gazette has tested W. T. Vaskirk's cider, and knows it to be first class. He has just received 100 barrels.

—Another change in the staff of the teachers of the city schools is likely to be announced at the next meeting of the board of education.

—Oriental Lodge No. 22, Knights of Pythias, assemble in regular weekly convocations this evening at Castle hall, Jeffris block, West Milwaukee street.

—A turkey shoot will be held Wednesday, November 28th, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at Lemuel Paul's farm, at the foot of Main street.

—The Children's Musical Society will give their first concert for this season next Tuesday evening, at Miss Bonedict's music rooms, opposite the post-office.

—Funeral services over the remains of the late John Henning were held this afternoon at the German Lutheran church. The Rev. M. Albrecht officiated.

—This paper recommends no particular store in Janesville, but as the Milwaukee Clothing Company pays us to say that they retail clothing at wholesale prices for cash only we hereby state the facts.

—The inaugural social dancing party of the Terpsichorean Club was given last evening at Cannon's hall, and was well attended. Smith & Anderson's orchestra furnished the music, and the party was a pleasant social success.

—It cost Paul Keegan ten dollars to hit George Reese over the head. He paid it to Judge Patterson as the result of a quarrel concerning a carpenter bill. Five silver dollars were also paid by Frank Farrel for hitting Paul Ludolph with a stone.

—The statistics of Sunday schools for the county were not all sent forward, consequently the statistical report is still to come. Will each school that has not reported, please do so at once to J. T. Wright, of this city, or Miss Mae E. Bess, of Milton.

—The Milwaukee street show window of A. F. Hall & Co. "the reliable jewelers," attracted attention again to-day. The entirely new arrangement of their oxidized silver goods was so attractive that everyone stopped to admire.

—The Sunday School Congress yesterday afternoon was well attended and the exercises were very interesting and entertaining. In the evening the Rev. Dr. Gillett delivered his interesting illustrated lecture entitled "A Night in Dixie," at the First M. E. church, to a well pleased audience.

—Another large invoice, being a special importation of the genuine Lemaire opera glasses, has been received by A. F. Hall & Co., "the reliable jewelers." These glasses are the justly celebrated French make and are acknowledged the best. The prices on them are low considering their perfection of quality.

—Under the management of Mr. L. C. Garrahrand, the Myers house is rapidly becoming one of the best hotels in southern Wisconsin. Mr. Garrahrand

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Important Business Considered by the Common Council Last Evening.

A Special Committee to Negotiate for the Purchase of a Hook and Ladder Truck.

The Hydrant Rental and Display Fountains—Reducing the Water Trenches

The Coal Contract—Opinions by the City Attorney—The Ordinances.

The Miscellaneous and Routine Business Considered and Disposed.

The common council held a regular meeting last evening, at which Mr. President Fathers presided, all the aldermen answering to the roll call except Alderman Casey, Hawthorn and Judd.

The journal of the last regular meeting was read and approved.

The clerk presented a miscellaneous batch of bills against the several funds which were referred to the finance committee.

Clark Fenton read the following bill from the Janesville Water Co.: "November 26, to 28, 47,000 gallons water wasted through basins of display fountains since fountains were closed, at 10c per one thousand gallons, \$4.70."

Attached to this bill was the following statement:

JANESVILLE, WIS., Nov. 26, 1888.

This statement is taken from the engineers' record book at the pumping station.

The first sixteen days in November, 1888, water was pumped for all purposes, 837,825 gallons; or, on an average per day of twenty-four hours, 52,364 gallons.

The following ten days after water was turned into basins, commencing Saturday, November 17th, to November 26th, inclusive, 1,229,778 gallons, or an average of 122,977, making a difference of 68,749 gallons per day of twenty-four hours, chargeable to the city; ten days, 687,490, at ten cents per thousand gallons, \$68.74.

The bill was referred to the finance committee.

The clerk read a petition signed by twenty-seven lot owners in Mt. Olivet cemetery, asking that the council cause the road leading from Oak Hill avenue to the entrance of Mt. Olivet cemetery to be repaired. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

A communication from Captain Alex. Buehols, asking permission to build a dock for his steamboat on the north side of Fourth avenue bridge. Accompanying this communication was a petition signed by fifty or more residents, asking the council to grant the request. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

Mayor Winans came in and took the chair.

A communication was read from Ex-Alderman John Thoroughgood, relating to needed repairs and the protection necessary to preserve the Fourth avenue bridge. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

Ald. Conrad, of the finance committee, reported in favor of allowing sundry bills against the several funds aggregating as follows:

General fund.....\$306 52

Highway, street and bridge.....22 40

Fire and water fund.....18 40

Fire ward fund.....41 00

Second ward fund.....112 37

Third ward fund.....112 37

Fourth ward fund.....20 38

Fifth ward fund.....20 38

Total.....\$610 37

The report was concurred in.

Ald. McLean, of the fire and water committee, presented an order appointing the fire and water committee, together with the chief engineer, a special committee to dispose of one of the steam fire engines and with the proceeds purchase an improved hook and ladder truck with the necessary equipment and report their negotiations to the council as soon as possible for confirmation or rejection. Adopted.

Ald. Judd took the chair.

Ald. McLean, of the fire and water committee, stated that there was almost a continual demand by citizens for the use of hose to fill cisterns and clean out sewers and drains. These requests had been so frequent that the chief engineer thought a price should be fixed to be charged all parties for their use.

Mayor Winans remarked that as the parties were tax payers he did not think it would be proper to charge them anything.

Ald. Baker—If the hose are to be used in cleaning out sewers or something for the public good, no charge should be made. This could be left to the chief engineer or to the committee of fire and water.

No action was taken.

Ald. Fathers, an order for a gas lamp at the corner of South First and Park streets. Adopted.

Ald. Horn, of the highway, street and bridge committee, reported in favor of granting permission to Captain Buehols to build a dock at Fourth avenue bridge, the same to be constructed under the supervision of the chairman of the bridge committee. Adopted.

Also, instructing the street commissioner to repair the braes under Fourth avenue bridge. Adopted.

Also, that the Court street bridge require repairs, and on motion the committee was instructed to make the necessary repairs.

Ald. Horn reported back the petition relating to the repairs of the road leading to Mt. Olivet cemetery, stating that the defective road was in the town of Janesville, but if there was any way by which the city could appropriate money to repair the road, he would be glad to vote for it.

Ald. Baker remarked that in 1883 the city appropriated \$200 for repairing the road leading to Oak Hill cemetery. This road was in the town of Janesville, but that town would not repair it, claiming that the city, in view of receiving material from the town, had agreed to repair the road. He thought the city ought by right appropriate \$100 for this purpose. If this was done he thought the people interested in the cemetery could raise the

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Important Business Considered by the Common Council Last Evening.

A Special Committee to Negotiate for the Purchase of a Hook and Ladder Truck.

The Hydrant Rental and Display Fountains—Reducing the Water Trenches

The Coal Contract—Opinions by the City Attorney—The Ordinances.

The Miscellaneous and Routine Business Considered and Disposed.

The common council held a regular meeting last evening, at which Mr. President Fathers presided, all the aldermen answering to the roll call except Alderman Casey, Hawthorn and Judd.

The journal of the last regular meeting was read and approved.

The clerk presented a miscellaneous batch of bills against the several funds which were referred to the finance committee.

Clark Fenton read the following bill from the Janesville Water Co.: "November 26, to 28, 47,000 gallons water wasted through basins of display fountains since fountains were closed, at 10c per one thousand gallons, \$4.70."

Attached to this bill was the following statement:

JANESVILLE, WIS., Nov. 26, 1888.

This statement is taken from the engineers' record book at the pumping station.

The first sixteen days in November, 1888, water was pumped for all purposes, 837,825 gallons; or, on an average per day of twenty-four hours, 52,364 gallons.

The following ten days after water was turned into basins, commencing Saturday, November 17th, to November 26th, inclusive, 1,229,778 gallons, or an average of 122,977, making a difference of 68,749 gallons per day of twenty-four hours, chargeable to the city; ten days, 687,490, at ten cents per thousand gallons, \$68.74.

The bill was referred to the finance committee.

The clerk read a petition signed by twenty-seven lot owners in Mt. Olivet cemetery, asking that the council cause the road leading from Oak Hill avenue to the entrance of Mt. Olivet cemetery to be repaired. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

A communication from Captain Alex. Buehols, asking permission to build a dock for his steamboat on the north side of Fourth avenue bridge. Accompanying this communication was a petition signed by fifty or more residents, asking the council to grant the request. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

Mayor Winans came in and took the chair.

A communication was read from Ex-Alderman John Thoroughgood, relating to needed repairs and the protection necessary to preserve the Fourth avenue bridge. Referred to the highway, street and bridge committee.

Ald. Conrad, of the finance committee, reported in favor of allowing sundry bills against the several funds aggregating as follows:

General fund.....\$306 52

Highway, street and bridge.....22 40

Fire and water fund.....18 40

Fire ward fund.....41 00

Second ward fund.....112 37

Third ward fund.....112 37

Fourth ward fund.....20 38

Fifth ward fund.....20 38

Total.....\$610 37

The report was concurred in.

Ald. McLean, of the fire and water committee, presented an order appointing the fire and water committee, together with the chief engineer, a special committee to dispose of one of the steam fire engines and with the proceeds purchase an improved hook and ladder truck with the necessary equipment and report their negotiations to the council as soon as possible for confirmation or rejection. Adopted.

Ald. Judd took the chair.

Ald. McLean, of the fire and water committee, stated that there was almost a continual demand by citizens for the use of hose to fill cisterns and clean out sewers and drains. These requests had been so frequent that the chief engineer thought a price should be fixed to be charged all parties for their use.

Mayor Winans remarked that as the parties were tax payers he did not think it would be proper to charge them anything.

Ald. Baker—If the hose are to be used in cleaning out sewers or something for the public good, no charge should be made. This could be left to the chief engineer or to the committee of fire and water.

No action was taken.

Ald. Fathers, an order for a gas lamp at the corner of South First and Park streets. Adopted.

Ald. Horn, of the highway, street and bridge committee, reported in favor of granting permission to Captain Buehols to build a dock at Fourth avenue bridge, the same to be constructed under the supervision of the chairman of the bridge committee. Adopted.

Also, instructing the street commissioner to repair the braes under Fourth avenue bridge. Adopted.

Also, that the Court street bridge require repairs, and on motion the committee was instructed to make the necessary repairs.

Ald. Horn reported back the petition relating to the repairs of the road leading to Mt. Olivet cemetery, stating that the defective road was in the town of Janesville, but if there was any way by which the city could appropriate money to repair the road, he would be glad to vote for it.

Ald. Baker remarked that in 1883 the city appropriated \$200 for repairing the road leading to Oak Hill cemetery. This road was in the town of Janesville, but that town would not repair it, claiming that the city, in view of receiving material from the town, had agreed to repair the road. He thought the city ought by right appropriate \$100 for this purpose. If this was done he thought the people interested in the cemetery could raise the

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Important Business Considered by the Common Council Last Evening.

A Special Committee to Negotiate for the Purchase of a Hook and Ladder Truck.

The Hydrant Rental and Display Fountains—Reducing the Water Trenches

The Coal Contract—Opinions by the City Attorney—The Ordinances.

The Miscellaneous and Routine Business Considered and Disposed.

The common council held a regular meeting last evening, at which Mr. President Fathers presided, all the aldermen answering to the roll call except Alderman Casey, Hawthorn and Judd.

The journal of the last regular meeting was read and approved.

The clerk presented a miscellaneous batch of bills against the several funds which were referred to the finance committee.

Clark Fenton read the following bill from the Janesville Water Co.: "November 26, to 28, 47,000 gallons water wasted through basins of display fountains since fountains were closed, at 10c per one thousand gallons, \$4.70."

Attached to this bill was the following statement:

JANESVILLE, WIS., Nov. 26, 1888.

This statement is taken from the engineers' record book at the pumping station.

The first sixteen days in November, 1888, water was pumped for all purposes, 837,825 gallons; or, on an average per day of twenty-four hours, 52,364 gallons.

The following ten days after water was turned into basins, commencing Saturday, November 17th, to November 26th, inclusive, 1,229,778 gallons, or an average of 122,977, making a difference of 68,749 gallons per day of twenty-four hours, chargeable to the city; ten days, 687,490, at ten cents per thousand gallons, \$68.74.

The bill was referred to the finance committee.

The clerk read a petition signed by twenty-seven lot owners in Mt. Olivet cemetery, asking that the council cause the road leading from Oak Hill avenue to the entrance of Mt. Olivet cemetery to be repaired. Referred